

# WG 1: In-Depth Phenotyping in DILI

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# WG 1: In-Depth phenotyping in DILI: Purpose

- This WG1 will systematically address issues regarding the criteria for DILI case definition, characterisation and classification of phenotypic sub-groups in DILI.
- This WG1 is essential to support translational research in DILI and will integrate and collaborate closely with the remaining WGs.
- There has been no consensus regarding DILI in pre-existing liver disease such as NAFLD, with the use of herbal and dietary supplements (HDS), paediatric population and cancer patients on chemotherapy. WG1 will also focus on these areas.



# WG 1: In-Depth phenotyping – Proposed Actions

- address issues regarding the criteria for DILI case definition, characterisation and classification of phenotypic sub-groups in DILI.
- 2. harmonize efforts for in-depth DILI phenotyping and bio-sample repository
- 3. coordinate funded database/repository studies to aggregate a large number of DILI cases in a standardized manner



# WG 1: In-Depth phenotyping - Harmonization

At the first meeting, it was agreed that one important mission would be to harmonize clinical measurements, definitions, classifications and outcomes related to DILI.

#### **Activities:**

- We requested registry holders to send the type of information recorded in local databases (Feb 2019), since registries are different among groups, this will facilitate us to create an aligned database registry appropriate for all centres.
- Breakout Group Meeting (March 2019) collating of ideas/expertise on data collection, data recording, data interpretation.



# WG 1:

Development of DILI Registry

**Dataset from Lisbon** 

Dataset from Malaga/Nottingham

Dataset from SAFE-T/ DILICIN project

Scoring systems (RUCAM/CIOMS)

Example cases

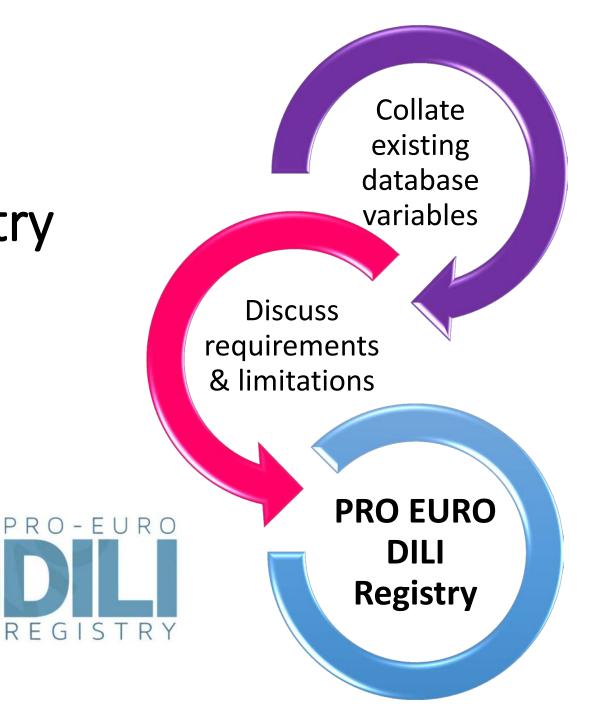
Testing – Data dictionary

Discussion/Debate/Refinement

Trouble shooting

Roll-out

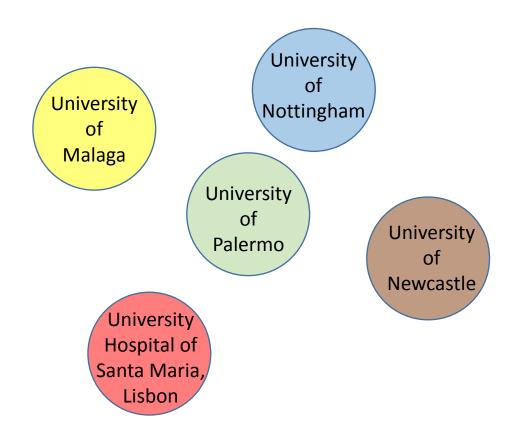
**Training Users** 

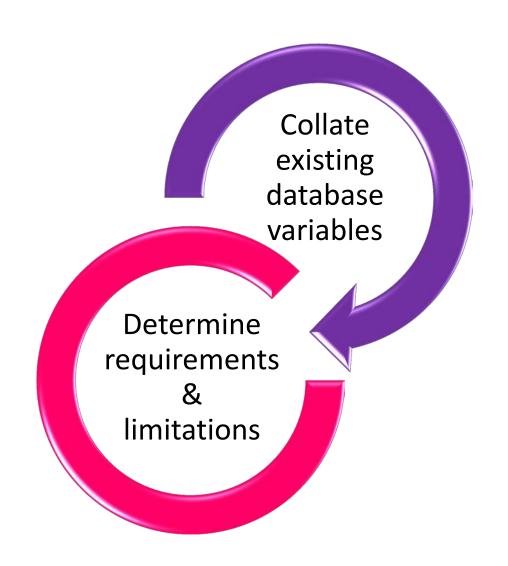




# WG 1: Development of New Registry

#### **Interaction Network**

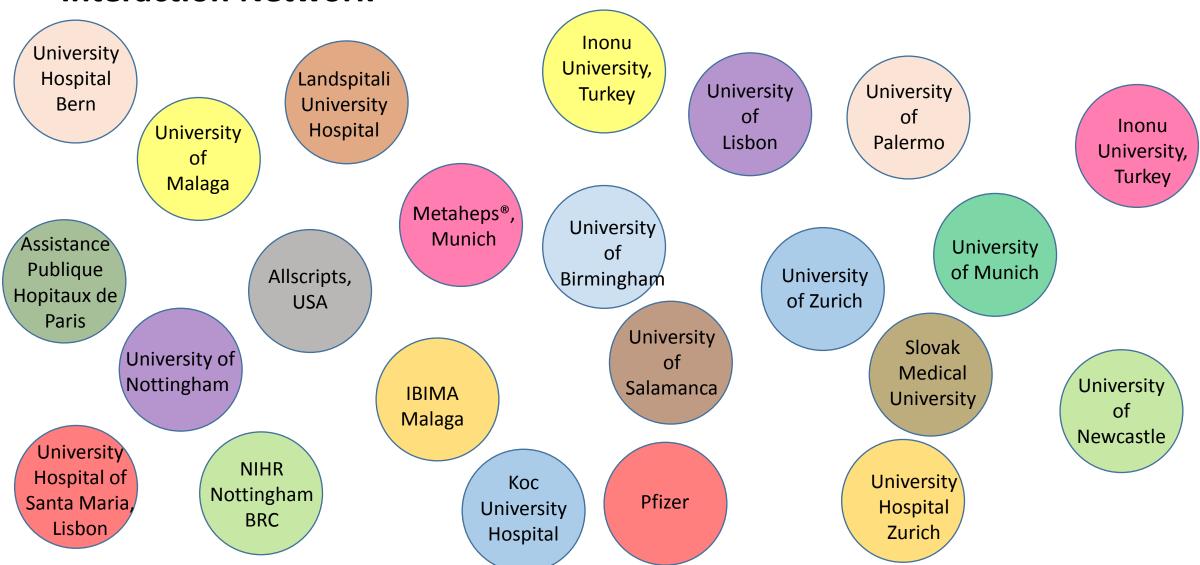




# WG 1: Development of Registry



#### **Interaction Network**





# WG 1: Development of New Registry

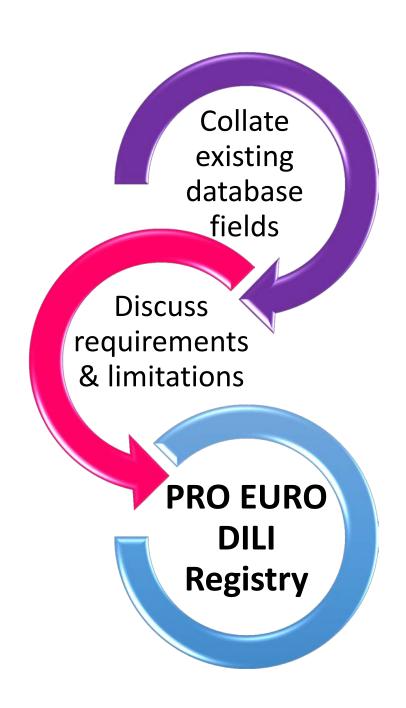


http://www.proeurodili.eu/









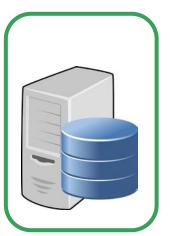


# http://www.proeurodili.eu/

# Now available to any researchers

#### For access contact:

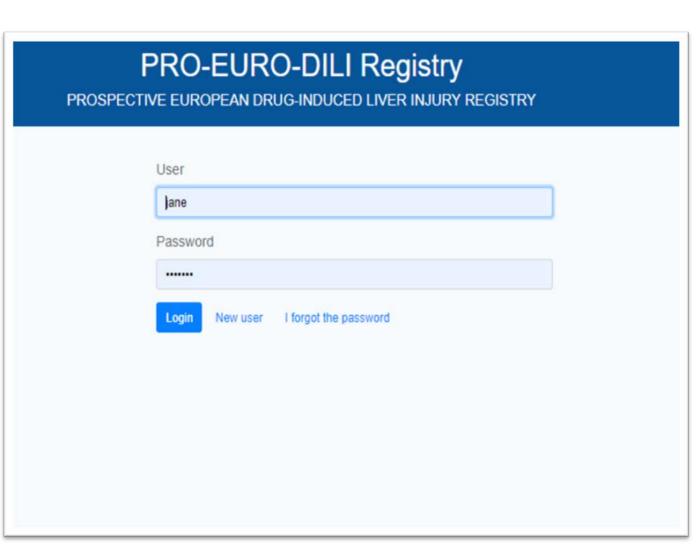
cstephens@uma.es



Secure data storage at University of Malaga

Formal Data transfer / collaboration agreements



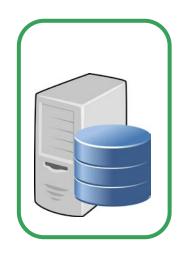




# https://www.proeurodili.uma.es/login

#### Key Features:

- Anonymised data set held securely GDPR compliant
- User guidance notes and training provided
- Printable CRF as editable pdf
- Data auditing included
- Stored data remains available and downloadable by owner
- Can accommodate control groups and expert adjudication findings
- Facilitates optional data sharing within consortium for academic research where agreed.
- Compatible with TransBioLine IMI project partnership (automated defined secure data sharing/exports)





# https://www.proeurodili.uma.es/login

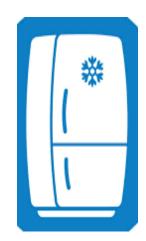
#### In Addition:



- Defined adjudication process by expert panel (via teleconference) to assess inclusion/exclusion as DILI case after clinical investigation
- Collaboration opportunities to strengthen research power of DILI network

(e.g. resource open to industrial partnership projects on individual basis)

Samples can be transferred to Nottingham for storage (MTA)



5

Central, searchable, comprehensive core defined-data repository linked to premium quality bio-samples





Biomarkers

TransBioLine IMI
Consortium



www.transbioline.com

Industry research partnerships

New collaborativ e projects

Individual research

studies



Genyo



# WG1 Deliverables:



1. Registry Database: enable harmonized data collection – data dictionary available



- 2. Registry Biobank: facilitate development of accompanying high-quality bioresource
  - Based on 'user stories' of work flow processes in different centres
  - Standardise sample processing/recording Biosample SOPs available/in refinement
  - Sample logs in development
- 3. Case definition, characterisation and classification
  - Link to WG2 (DILI risk stratification)
  - Systematic Adjudication Process



- Test/evaluate scoring systems
- Systematic review of diagnosis & management
- Application to clinical practice
- 4. Extend Research Network and Research Capabilities link to WG5 (communication)
  - Establish Legal Framework for collaboration and sharing
  - Enable/Underpin IMI TransBioLine Consortium DILI work package



#### Break-out sessions:



- Pro-Euro DILI Registry Database consensus variables, eCRF, 'how it works'
- 2. Sample Processing standardisation
  - Sample logs Biosample SOPs available/in development
  - create 'User Stories' to capture existing processes- develop work flow plans
- 3. Adjudication & Scoring DILI Case Classification link to WG2
- Dissemination and use link to WG5
  - Strategy for collaborative access to cohort samples/data
- 5. Next steps: Systematic review of diagnosis & management
- 6. Translation Explore future possibilities:
- applying established expertise to improve DILI identification by testing use of clinical algorithms to electronic health datasets to give possible clinical decision alert to flag up possible diagnosis/tests to clinical teams across specialities.
- pharmacovigilance as route to identify DILI cases and identify causal drugs.

# Pro-Euro DILI Registry Data Dictionary

Database unique identifier
Site Study identifier
year of birth
consent date
Consent by consultee
Genetic analysis consent
Future studies consent
weight
height
gender
Adverse reaction during pregnancy
ethnicity
Diabetes T1/T2
Hypertension
Waist circum >94/80cm
Dyslipidemia
Allergies
Alcohol current/past unit/g
smoking current/past cig/week
psoriasis
Rheumatoid arthritis
Cancer past/present/type
comorbidities
Free text notes

Suspective causative agent (s)
Active ingredient
Brand name
ndication
Dose/interval
oute
Treatment period
SPC hepatotoxicity reported
Published hepatotox
Adverse reaction date
Symptoms (biochem/jaud/chol)
Disappear?
Hospitalised?
Acute hypotension/cardiogenic
hock
Complications withpre-existing liver
conditions
Reaction Description
Disease Progression
Outcome
ast 10 medications taken

lmaging tests
lmaging date
lmaging findings
Biopsy date
Biopsy findings

SODIUM level in blood
Potassium level in blood
Urea level in blood
CREATININE level in blood
BILIRUBIN level in blood
ALBUMIN level in blood
ALT - Alanine transaminase
AST- Aspartate Aminotransferase
ALP Alkaline Phosphatase
GGT - Gamma-
Glutamyltransferase
Iron in blood
hemoglobin level in blood
PLATELETS level in blood
WBC - white blood cells
MCH
MCHC
RBC
нст
MCV
Triglycerides
Cholesterol in blood
HDL - high density lipoprotein
LDL - low density lipoprotein
PT
INR
fasting glucose level in blood
HbA1C1
СК-МВ
Lactate dehydrogenase
Thyroid-stimulating hormone
Creatinine kinase
eosinophils
basophils
ESR

CRP1
total protein
AFP
Ferritin
Trasferrin_Saturation
Alpha_1_Antitrypsin
Caeruloplasmin
HOMA-IR
Insulin
Cpeptide
Viral serology tests
Нер В
HBe_Ag
Hep C
Clinical Impression CMV/EBV/HSV-1/HSV-2
lgG
IgM
IgA
Mitrochrondrial_Studies
Gastric_pariental_cells
Liver_kidney_microsomal
Smooth_muscle_antibodies
LKM-1
ANA
ANAC

Total BILirubin ULN	
Conj bilirubin ULN	
ALT ULN	
AST ULN	
ALP ULN	
GGT ULN	

Clinical Blood Tests
Prior; first that fulfil DILI criteria; follow-up

### Database

#### Collation of Patient Data on web-based database

#### http://www.proeurodili.eu/

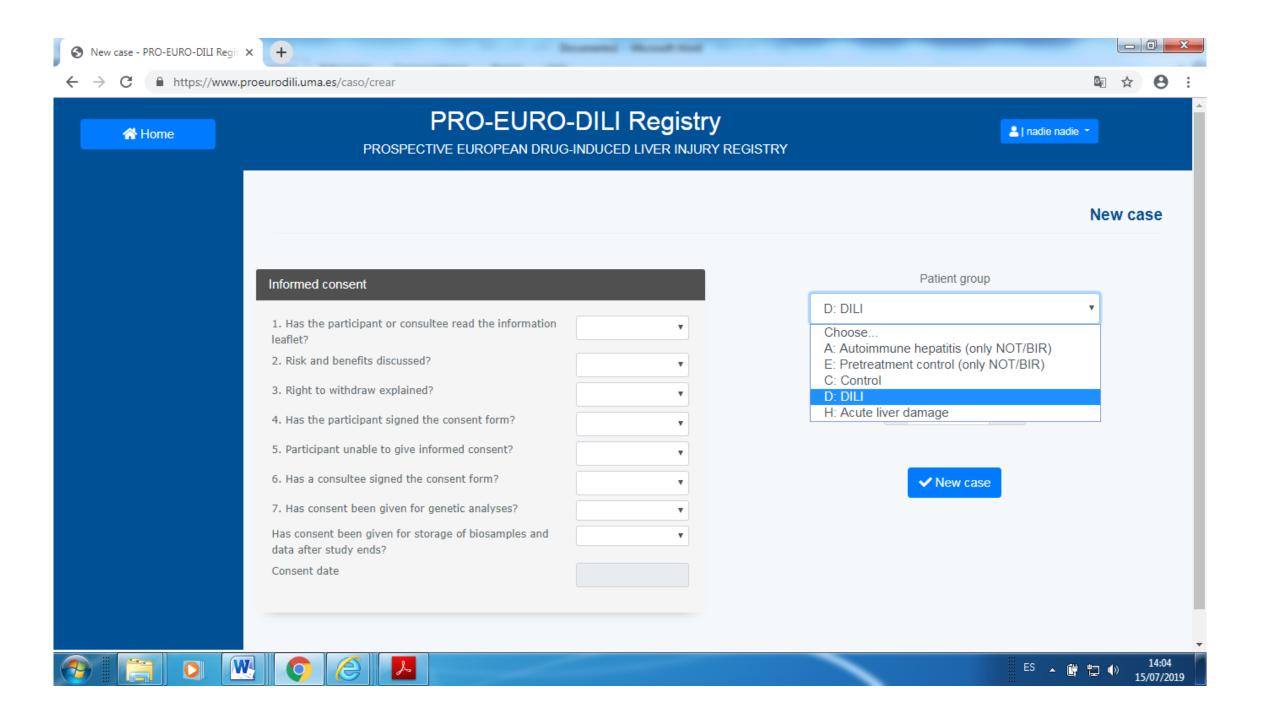
#### PRO-EURO-DILI Registry

PROSPECTIVE EUROPEAN DRUG-INDUCED LIVER INJURY REGISTRY



Request access: New user

0301					
jane	PRO-EURO-DILI Registry				
Password	PROS	SPECTIVE EUROPEAN I	ORUG-INDUCED LIVER INJUR	Y REGISTRY	
					N
Login New user I forgot the password					New user
	User data		Group data		
	Name *		Service	New	× *
	Last name *		Location *		
	User * Password *	jane	Country *	No one	•
For advice contact	Repeat password *		Name *		
	Email *		Address *		
cstephens@uma.es	Telephone				
	Mobile		Contact		
			Fax		
			Web		
			New user		



#### http://www.proeurodili.eu/

### Database

PRO-EURO DIL REGISTRY

To edit case

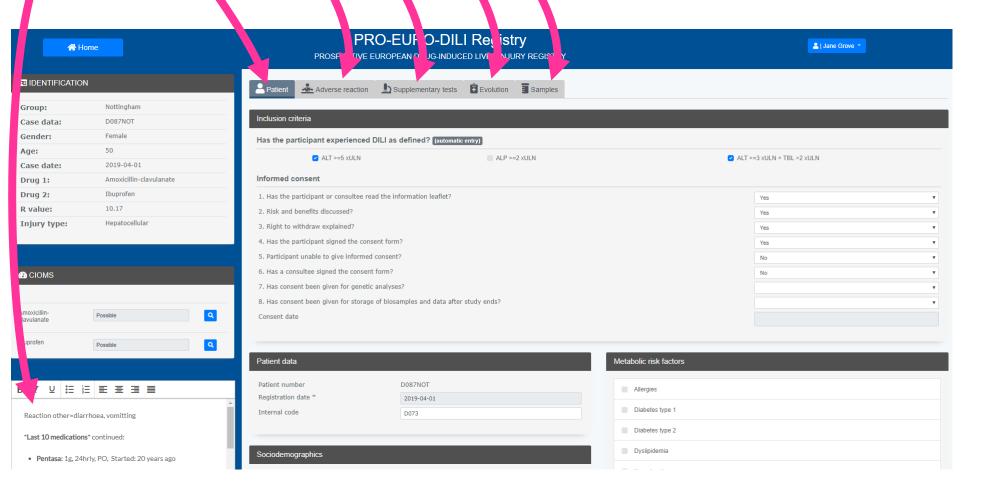
Home: shows patients from your site

PRO-EURO-DILI Registry ♣ | Jane Grove ▼ ☆ Home PROSPECTIVE EUROPEAN DRUG-INDUCED LIVER INJURY REGISTRY + New case Export: Show 10 ♦ entries Searc Reports **Patient** Registration number Gender date Medication 1 CIOMS1 Medication 2 CIOMS2 Actions Documentation Unlikely D096NOT 59 Male 2019-07-01 Adalimumab Unlikely Methotrexate 2019-04-25 Nitrofurantoin D091NOT 75 Female Atorvastatin About D092NOT Male 2019-04-25 Doxycycline **Incompatible** 72 D093NOT Male 2019-04-25 Rifampicin × **3** × Highly D094NOT 2019-04-25 Female Atorvastatin probable D095NOT 74 Female 2019-04-25 Azathioprine Highly Doxycycline **Probable** × probable Gemcitabine Other × **3** D090NOT 69 Male 2019-04-09 D086NOT Female 2019-04-01 Doxycycline Incompatible | Amoxicillin-clavulanate Incompatible × B **3** D087NOT 50 Female 2019-04-01 Amoxicillin-clavulanate **Possible** Ibuprofen Possible Nitrofurantoin D088NOT Female 2019-04-01 Atorvastatin × **B** Showing 1 to 10 of 78 entries

#### Patient info collected 'Patient Tab'



Add info / notes



Complete each tab

# Add a new case or edit

'Supplementary Tests' Tab – for clinical test results Can add new blood analysis data etc



If you do not have any blood analysis prior to the first sample collection date and the first analysis in which the liver values fulfil the DILI criteria is in fact the first blood sample collection date, then it is very important to call this new blood analysis type "First that fulfil DILI criteria", NOT "Recruitment visit 1".

The second visit will then be called Follow-up visit 1b, or 2 depending on the timing of this visit.

Hence, note that in this situation there will be no analysis named "Recruitment visit 1".

'Recruitment visit 1' will only occur when you have an earlier blood analysis dataset that fulfils DILI criteria when research samples were not collected (which is often the case).

You must have an entry for 'first that fulfil' as needed for CIOMS.

#### 'Samples' Tab – for recording sample cryovial barcodes and additional tubes

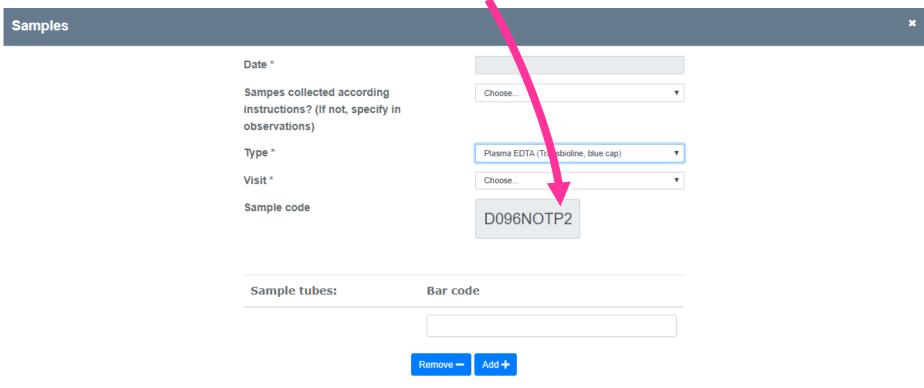
On Pro Dili database 'P2' is platelet free plasma PFP (EDTA).

'P1' is EDTA plasma.

Label 'barcode' as aliquot 1, 2, 3, 4 etc

So we can track what additional samples are available for Pro Euro DILI projects.







### **Adjudication Committee Case Presentation**

Case number
Center name and code

### Title: Case number



- Case description:
  - Ethnicity, gender, age
  - Comorbid conditions, BMI
  - Alcohol consumption
  - Risk factors
  - Suspected medication(s)/start and stop dates
  - Concomitant medications/ start and stop dates

### Case Number



- Time to onset: when did symptoms suggestive of DILI appear?
  - Please specify date ...... type of symptoms ......
- Did the patient experience hypotension, bradycardia, sepsis, etc. suggestive of ischemic hepatitis?
- Liver parameters at DILI recognition (normal laboratory range): AST, ALT, ALP and TBL
  - Are baseline (prior to DILI) liver parameters available for the subject? Please report AST, ALT, ALP and TBL

# Case Number



Serological tests

Ultrasound date and observations?

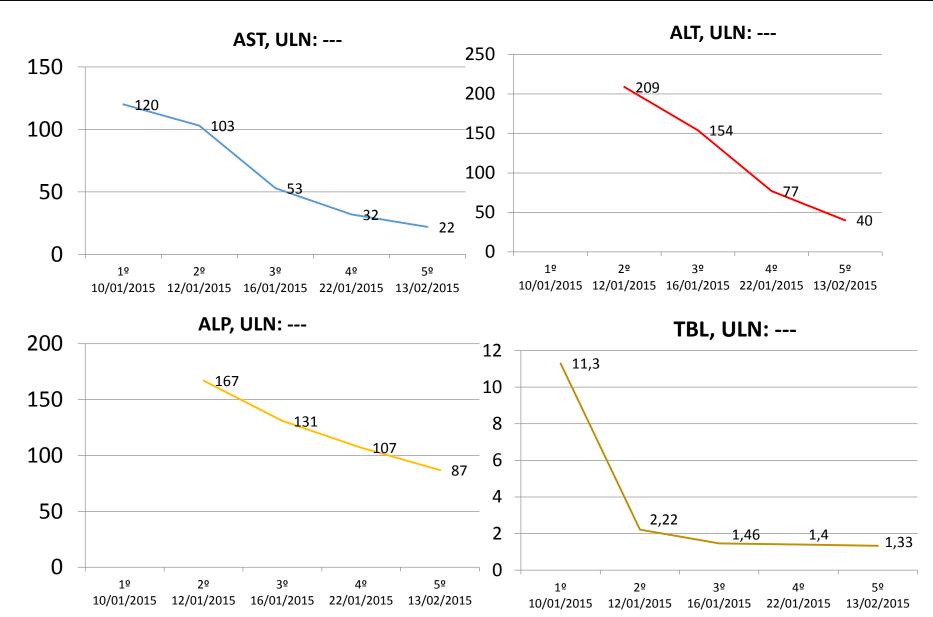
Negative???

Autoantibodies??

Biopsy??

#### LFTs evolution over time





### Outcome



• Outcome?

• Time to recovery?

Total days of follow-up?

# Summary of events



 Provide an overview time line including date of drug treatments, symptom initiation, see example slide ahead.

# **RUCAM Scoring**



TC Case	
ALT/ULN	
AD/III N	
AP/ULN	
R	
DILI Type	
Exposure (first or reexposure)	
Time from drug intake until reaction	
Risk factors:_Alcohol	
Risk factors:_Age>55 y	
Course of reaction	
Concomitant therapy	
Exclusion of non-drug	
Previous information on hepatotoxicity	
Response to re-administration	
Total score	
DILI	



## Final Outcome:

Adjudication Finding:

# TransBioLine March 2019 | IMI 28M Euro | 17 European partners

The consortium will generate exploratory and confirmatory data enabling regulatory qualification of new safety biomarkers for application in drug development; establish robust datasets on the drug-induced Liver, Kidney, Pancreas, Vascular, CNS injury, mechanism specific diagnostic tool/biomarkers - accepted as qualified drug development tools by EMA, FDA, and PMDA.

**Prof Guru Aithal**- UoN— Deputy Co-ordinator & DILI WP lead Gastroenterologist special interest in drug-induced hepatotoxicity



https://nddcbru.org.uk/pro-euro-dili

#### Includes:

- established European DILI biorepository hosted by UoN (2016-)
  - CRN adopted, multi-centre study led by Nottingham Jane.grove@nottingham.ac.uk
  - samples during and after DILI
  - blood, urine, stool, liver biopsy tissue,
  - dedicated secure database for phenotyping & adjudication panel
  - recruitment via consultee if appropriate (eg encephalopathy)
- Aim: 300 cases by 2022; plus 130 non-DILI controls (alternative causes of symptoms)
  - Plus matched medication taking no-disease group & chronic disease groups
- Biomarkers: miRNA (NGS), bile acids, lipids, CK18, SPP1, HMGB1, MCSF1, DNA,
  - Immunophenotyping by CyTOF at Bham Uni (starts 2019) Dr Ye Oo

### Pro-Euro DILI study DILI/non-DILI patient samples & data

paper CRF eCRF/online data registry

& sample log

Dataset shared>



Pro-Euro DILI sites

Already recruiting @ 17 sites

-up to 7 visits

Serum

Plasma

Whole blood

Stool

Urine

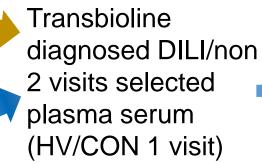
Tissue

Optional immune studies

Malaga Pro-Euro DILI Database Limited access Export/Import capability



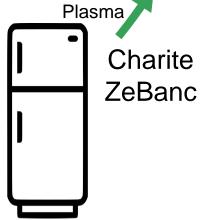
Nottingham Sample Hub (long-term store)



Future/additional collaborative projects with partners/non-partners

TransBioLine Lab Analyses

Serum



Metaheps

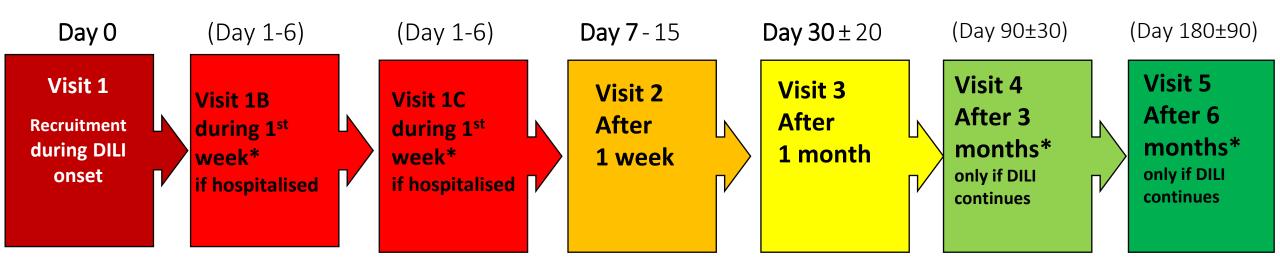
**CyTOF** 

Samples

#### Pro-Euro DILI Recruitment

- current, suspected acute idiosyncratic Drug-induced liver injury due to medication or supplement (not paracetamol):
- Exposure to drugs including any prescription drug, over-the-counter drug, recreational drug, herbal remedies or dietary supplements prior to the DILI onset.
- > age >18
- > ALT > 5×ULN
- or ALP > 2xULN
- or ALT  $> 3 \times ULN + TBL > 2 \times ULN$
- > Informed consent or by consultee if required for those lacking capacity

#### Pro-Euro DILI Sampling Schedule



\* Optional

Usually up to 35ml research blood per visit plus stool, urine & tissue if available.

> current, suspected acute idiosyncratic Drug-induced liver injury

due to medication or supplement (not paracetamol):

- > age >18
- > ALT > 5xULN
- or ALP > 2xULN
- or ALT > 3xULN + TBL > 2xULN
- > written consent or by consultee if required for those lacking capacity

#### Recruitment: Patient diagnosis pathway

Adult with suspected DILI

Research team review case & consent

Visit 1 sampling
2 alongside
clinical care

Research
team review
clinical data &
eligibility for
subsequent visits

Inclusion
for further
visits if Visit 1
ALT/ALP/TBL meets
DILI
criteria

Research
team follow-up
for diagnosis DILI
/ non-DILI
adjudication

#### 2. Research Consent

**ASAP: Within 8 weeks** 

#### 1. Identification

Clinical care team identify adult who is suspected to be having an adverse reaction affecting liver functioning following taking a medication or supplement (likely absence of other known causes of liver injury)

with: ALT > 5 x ULN or: ALP > 2 x ULN

or: ALT >3 x ULN & TBL > 2 x ULN

#### **3.** Visit 1

Research
bloods &
Clinical bloods
at same time:
ALT ALP TBL
determined

4. Review case for eligibility: Ensure DILI-like symptoms at V1 (enzymes as 1)

5. Include as eligible DILI/ non-DILI control case for further visits alongside clinical care until ALT, ALP, TBL return to normal levels.

# 6. Follow-up visits, diagnosis & outcome

by research team for adjudication as DILI case or control by expert panel No alternate cause identified after investigation:
E.g. viral infection Biliary obstruction

# DILI/Non-DILI criteria – excluding other causes of symptoms

- Acute viral hepatitis due to hepatitis A, B or reactivation of B, C, E, CMV, EBV, HIV
- Acute presentation of auto-immune hepatitis unrelated to the drug.
- Confirmed acute liver injury that explains the clinical manifestation eg: ischemic hepatitis, acute ascending cholangitis.
- Acute exacerbation/ decompensation of known chronic liver disease that explains the acute event.
- Biliary obstruction explaining cholestasis.
- Clinical judgment supporting alternative explanation to the acute event.
- Other factors of exclusion: Leishmaniasis, malaria, yellow fever, Dengue hemorrhagic fever, schistosomiasis, Q fever. Only if there is clinical suspicion (history, travel, symptoms) that require these conditions to be excluded.

These patients may be enrolled and sampled but not included in planned TransBioLine partner Analysis

Distinction of DILI from Non-DILI Adjudication based on review of clinical case

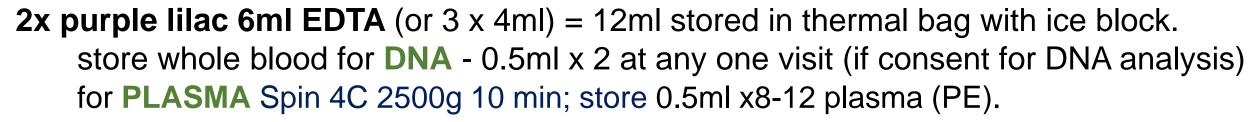
#### Sample Collection/ Processing Summary

Collect: Bloods for clinical tests for standard care.

Store all at -80C and note if processing deviated from SOP

Plus:





at v1 and v2 for PFP remove 1.2ml plasma & re-spin at 10000g 10min store 0.5ml x2 of double-spin platelet free plasma (PFP).

Bloods should be processed within 2h, frozen within 2.5h.

(If you are in TransBioLine consortium can include TransBioLine Sampling at v1 and v2)

**Liver tissue** surplus from biopsy if available—either snap frozen in liquid nitrogen or FFPE **Stool** — if possible -store in bijoux **Urine** if possible — store in 1x bijoux 5x 1ml cryovials

# Participant ID & Sample Labelling: following Pro Euro DILI method

[A] Participants to be sequentially given number by recruiting centre:

Patients: D001 onwards;

[B] 3 digit site code (assigned by database): MAL = Malaga

[C] Sample type:

SE = serum

PH = plasma heparin

PE = plasma EDTA (PE1 or EP)

WB = whole blood (EDTA)

UR = urine

ST = stool

LB = liver biopsy

BC = Buffy coat (EDTA)

PF = platelet free EDTA plasma PE (PE2)

[D] Visit number: 01 or V1 onwards

In Pro Euro DILI database you can assign a patient ID e.g. D0076NOT To match your local site ID. Site Patient Study ID: D001 = 'local internal code' for suspected DILI (A001 is autoimmune cases)

#### **Date**